

K-2-ETS1-3 Engineering Design

Students who demonstrate understanding can:

K-2-ETS1-3. Analyze data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.

The performance expectation above was developed using the following elements from the NRC document *A Framework for K-12 Science Education*:

Science and Engineering Practices

Analyzing and Interpreting Data

Analyzing data in K–2 builds on prior experiences and progresses to collecting, recording, and sharing observations.

- Analyze data from tests of an object or tool to determine if it works as intended.

Disciplinary Core Ideas

ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution

- Because there is always more than one possible solution to a problem, it is useful to compare and test designs.

Crosscutting Concepts

Observable features of the student performance by the end of the grade:

1	Organizing data	With guidance, students use graphical displays (e.g., tables, pictographs, line plots) to organize given data from tests of two objects, including data about the features and relative performance of each solution.
2	Identifying relationships	Students use their organization of the data to find patterns in the data, including: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> How each of the objects performed, relative to: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The other object. The intended performance. How various features (e.g., shape, thickness) of the objects relate to their performance (e.g., speed, strength).
3	Interpreting data	Students use the patterns they found in object performance to describe: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The way (e.g., physical process, qualities of the solution) each object will solve the problem. The strengths and weaknesses of each design. Which object is better suited to the desired function, if both solve the problem.